# 12.1 going to

|             | Positive   |     | Negative                   |                              |
|-------------|--|-----|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1           | I'm going to travel around Japan after university. I'm not going to work in an office when I graduate. |     | an office when I graduate. |                              |
| he/she/it   | She's going to book the tickets next week. She isn't going to visit Kyoto during her trip.             |     | yoto during her trip.      |                              |
| you/we/they | We're going to stay in hostels.  |     | We aren't going to book    | anything until we get there. |
|             |  |     |                            |                              |
|             | Question   | Sh  | ort answers                |                              |
|             | Am I going to get in trouble for this?   | Yes | s, you are.                | No, you aren't.              |
| he/she/it   | Is he going to make a reservation for both of us?  | Yes | s, he is.                  | No, he isn't.                |
| you/we/they | Are you going to speak to her next week?   | Yes | s, we are.                 | No, we aren't.               |

- We use going to to talk about future plans and intentions.
- In the negative, with you, he, etc, we can also say: You're not going to, He's not going to, etc.
   She isn't going to book anything until next month. OR She's not going to book anything until next month.
- In negative short answers, with you, he, etc, we can also say: No, you're not., No, he's not., etc.
   Are they going to visit the Guggenheim? No, they aren't. OR No, they're not.

Next

### 12.2 will for predictions

|                         | Positive                                   | Negative  |  |  |
|-------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| I/you/he/she/it/we/they | Rock music <b>will be</b> popular forever. | Students <b>won't go</b> to school in the future. |  |  |
|                         | Question                                   | Short answers                                     |  |  |
| I/you/he/she/it/we/they | Will they visit Mars in our lifetime?      | Yes, they will. No, they won't.                   |  |  |

- We use will + infinitive without to to make predictions.
   Germany will win the next World (up.
   In 10 years' time, most people will drive electric cars.
- In the positive, we often contract will to 'll in informal writing and speech
- In the negative, we can also say will not. This is more formal.
   Schools will not teach the same subjects in the future.

#### Be careful!

We often use will after Do you think ....
 Do you think the party will be fun?

### 12.3 might

|                         | Positive                     |                               |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| I/you/he/she/it/we/they | I might stop using Facebook. | She might not read my tweets. |

- We use might to talk about something that is not definite but possible.
- We use might + infinitive without to.

# 12.1 going to

- A Reorder the words to make sentences.
- 1 go / going to / backpacking around Europe / she's

  \_\_\_\_\_\_She's going to go backpacking around Europe.
- 2 study / at university / going to / I'm / art history
- 3 going to / the tickets / when / are you / book /?
- 4 a new job / start / I'm / looking for / going to
- 5 build / they're / themselves / going to / it

B Complete the sentences with the correct form of *be going* to and the verbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible.

| 1 | Are you going to have | (you / have) a big   |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
|   | birthday party?       |                      |
| 2 |                       | (she / finish) her   |
|   | essay this weekend.   |                      |
| 3 | When                  | (they /              |
|   | travel) to Bucharest? |                      |
| 4 | What time             | (you /               |
|   | get up) tomorrow?     |                      |
| 5 | <u> </u>              | (it / not / be) cold |
|   | tonight.              |                      |
| 6 |                       | (we / not / arrive)  |
|   | until late            |                      |

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## 12.2 will for predictions

A Reorder the words to make sentences.

In the year 2025 ...

1 there / flying / cars / be / will

2 won't / be / school / there / books / any

3 cities / other / have / planets / on / we'll

4 robots / do / work / all / the / will / us / for

5 come / true / will / our / predictions / all

6 with / people / will / around / jetpacks / fly

**B** Use the prompts to write questions and short answers with will.

| 1 | we/finish/on time?  Will we finish on time? | (?)     | Yes, we will. | (+) |
|---|---|---------|---------------|-----|
| 2 | she / read / your diary                     |         |               |     |
|   |   | (?)     |               | (+) |
| 3 | you / work and study / at the san           | ne time |               |     |
|   |   | (?)     |               | (-) |
| 4 | his predictions / come true                 |         |               |     |
|   |   | (?)     |               | (-) |
| 5 | he / get / a better job                     |         |               |     |
|   |   | (?)     |               | (+) |
| 6 | Chris / be / at the party                   |         |               |     |
|   |   | (?)     |               | (-) |
|   |   |         |               |     |

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### 12.3 might

A Complete the sentences with might or might not.

- 1 be able to come on Saturday, because I've got to help my friend move house.
   2 Do you want me to give Tom a message?

   see him at the conference.
- 3 I'll try, but I \_\_\_\_\_\_ be able to get everything finished in time.
- 4 I \_\_\_\_\_\_ be home late tonight because I've got lots of work to finish.
- 5 You should call Sarah. She \_\_\_\_\_ thin you've forgotten her!

B Complete the sentences with the correct form of *might* and a verb in the box.

| 0 | come get have see send wait                            |
|---|--|
| 1 | OK, great. I might see you later then.                 |
| 2 | You're right. I her an email to check the flight time. |
| 3 | It's hot in here. I outside.                           |
| 4 | I the bus, because it's cheaper than a taxi.           |
| 5 | She time to finish everything.                         |
| 6 | Itonight. I'm not feeling very well.                   |

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